

Polynomial Equations (Quadratics) in Factored Form

Standard Form of a Quadratic

$$ax^2 + bx + c = 0$$

Factored Form of a Quadratic (Four Options)

$$(x + \underline{\quad}) (x + \underline{\quad}) = 0$$

$$(x - \underline{\quad}) (x - \underline{\quad}) = 0$$

$$(x + \underline{\quad}) (x - \underline{\quad}) = 0$$

$$(x - \underline{\quad}) (x + \underline{\quad}) = 0$$

Each blank is filled with a number.

Zero Product Property If $ab = 0$, then $a = 0$ or $b = 0$.

If one set of parentheses equals zero, then the product equals zero.

Key Point: The x-values that make each set of parentheses equal zero are the solutions to the quadratic function (equation).

Therefore, the solutions for "x" are also the x-intercepts of the quadratic function because $y = 0$ at these points.

Solve the equation for the solutions of x.

$$1) (x + 9)(x - 2) = 0$$

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$$x + 9 = 0 \quad \text{and} \quad x - 2 = 0$$

$$x = -9 \quad \text{and} \quad x = 2$$

2 solutions ; 2 x-intercepts

Solve the equation for the solutions of x.

$$2) (2x + 8)(3x + 12) = 0$$

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$$2) (2x + 8)(3x + 12) = 0$$

$$2x + 8 = 0 \quad \text{and} \quad 3x + 12 = 0$$

$$2x = -8$$

$$x = -4$$

$$3x = -12$$

$$x = -4$$

only 1 solution; 1 x-intercept

Solve the equation for the solutions of x.

$$3) \ 8 (9x + 27) (6x - 9) = 0$$

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$$3) 8(9x + 27)(6x - 9) = 0$$

$$9x + 27 = 0 \quad \text{and} \quad 6x - 9 = 0$$

$$9x = -27 \quad \text{and} \quad 6x = 9$$

$$x = -3$$

$$x = \frac{9}{6} = \frac{3}{2}$$

2 solutions ; 2 x-intercepts

4) Sketch a graph of the quadratic function $y = (x - 4)(x + 2)$

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x-intercepts are: $(4, 0)$ $(-2, 0)$

The x-coordinate of the vertex is the midpoint between the x-intercepts. Then, substitute that x-value and solve for the y-coordinate of the vertex.

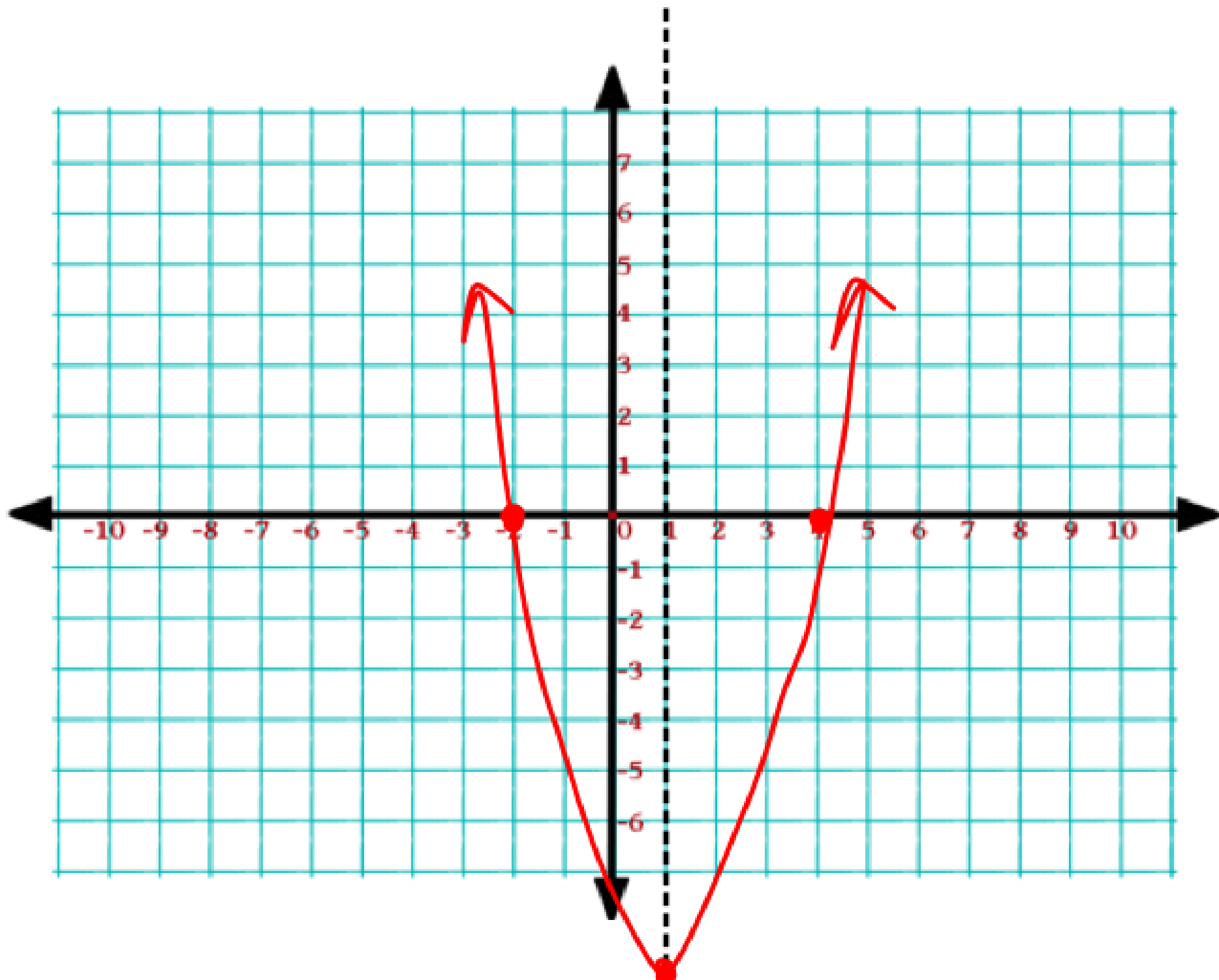
x-coordinate

$$\frac{4 + -2}{2} = \frac{2}{2} = 1$$

y-coordinate

$$\begin{aligned} y &= (1 - 4)(1 + 2) \\ &= -3 \cdot 3 \\ &= -9 \end{aligned}$$

vertex $(1, -9)$



5) The archway entrance to the building can be modeled using this quadratic function $y = -0.2 (x + 10) (x - 10)$ with the width and height measured in feet. How wide is the arch at the base? How tall is the arch at its highest point?

Hint: Sketch the parabola on a coordinate plane.

5) The archway entrance to the building can be modeled using this quadratic function $y = -0.2 (x + 10) (x - 10)$ with the width and height measured in feet. How wide is the arch at the base? How tall is the arch at its highest point?

Sketch the parabola on a coordinate plane.

Width is the difference between the x-intercepts.

Height is determined by finding the y-coordinate of the vertex.

Width

$$10 - -10$$

$$10 + 10 = 20 \text{ ft}$$

height

$$\begin{aligned} y &= -0.2(0+10)(0-10) \\ &= -0.2(10)(-10) \\ &= 20 \text{ ft} \end{aligned}$$

